

Factsheet

Data as of 30 April 2025

K Banking Sector Index Fund

K-BANKING

8

High

Fund Type / AIMC Category

- Equity Fund / Sector Fund
- Equity Large Cap

Investment Policy and Strategy

• The Fund aims to track the performance of SET Banking Sector Index by investing all, or substantially all of its assets, in stocks that are included in SET Banking Sector Index.

- The Fund may invest in derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purpose (EPM).
- Passive management strategy.

Risk Profile





Invest in equities by focusing on some sectors on average not less than 80% of NAV.

Fund Information

Low

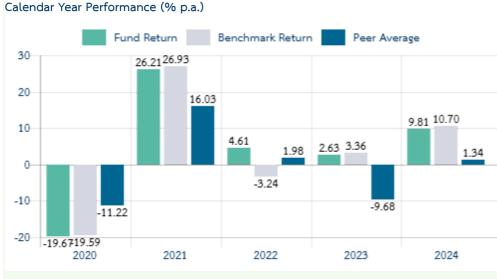
Inception Date	15 Sep 15
Dividend Payment Policy	No
Fund Maturity	Indefinite

Fund Manager

Miss Chuleekorn Triempanichgul (1 Jun 23)

Benchmark :

1. BANK TRI (100.00%)



Fund Performance (%)

	YTD	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year *
Fund Return	4.14	0.20	6.61	14.55
Benchmark Return	4.55	0.52	6.84	15.64
Peer Average	-11.45	-6.83	-15.44	-8.34
Fund Standard Deviation	19.71	21.77	17.03	15.67
Benchmark Standard Deviation	19.79	21.88	17.07	15.75
	3 Years *	5 Years *	10 Years *	Since Inception *
Fund Return	6.15	13.39	N/A	2.81
Benchmark Return	6.97	12.27	N/A	2.54
Peer Average	-6.60	0.81	N/A	N/A
Fund Standard Deviation	14.13	20.25	N/A	19.96
Benchmark Standard Deviation	14.22	20.61	N/A	20.22
Remark : * % p.a.				

Warning:

Investment in Mutual Fund is not bank deposit.Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Certified by Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption: CAC

Investors can study Liquidity Risk Management Tools in the prospectus.



www.kasikornasset.com

K-BANKING

% NAV

94.70

Subscription

Subscription date : Every business day Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 03:30 p.m. Min. initial subscription : 500 Baht Min. subsequent subscription : 500 Baht

Redemption

Redemption date : Every business day Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 03:30 p.m. Min. redemption : 500 Baht Min. account balance : 50 Baht Settlement period : T+2 (NAV Announce T+1, Settlement T+2 from 10 a.m.)

Statistical Data	
Maximum Drawdown	-31.57 %
Recovering Period	1.64 Month
Portfolio Turnover Ratio	0.32
Sharpe Ratio	0.39
Alpha	-0.82 %
Beta	0.99
Tracking Error	0.42 %
Sector Breakdown	

Sector

Banking

Remark :

Fees charged to the Fund (% p.a. of NAV)

Fees	Max.	Actual
Management Fee	3.2100	0.5350
Total Fee	3.7450	0.7367

Remark : All Fees include VAT, specific business taxes, and other taxes.

• KAsset may consider changing the actual fees charged to reflect strategy or administrative costs.

Fees charged to unitholders (% of trading value)

Fees	Max.	Actual	
Front-end Fee	2.00	Waived	
Back-end Fee	2.00	0.10	
Brokerage fee-In	0.25	0.10	
Brokerage fee-Out	0.25	Waived	
Switching-in Fee	See Re	See Remark	
Switching-out Fee	See Re	See Remark	
Transfer Fee	Actual charged	Waived	

Remark : All Fees include VAT, specific business taxes, and other taxes.

• KAsset may consider changing the actual fees charged to reflect strategy or administrative costs.

• Brokerage Fee-In will be charged only on subscription order and delivered to the Fund.

• Switching Fee : Equal to the higher rate between the back-end fee of switch-out fund and the frontend fee of switch-in fund.

Asset Allocation		Top 5 Holdings	
Asset Type	% NAV	Security	% NAV
Equity	94.70	Equity (SCB)	19.86
Deposit	0.78	Equity (KBANK)	18.84
Others	4.52	Equity (KTB)	15.16
		Equity (BBL)	13.30
		Equity (TMB)	8.88

Description

Maximum Drawdown is the percentage of the fund's maximum loss in the past 5 years (or since the fund's inception if it is launched for less than 5 years) which is measured from the highest NAV per unit to the lowest NAV per unit during such period. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of the risk of loss from investing in the fund.

Recovering Period is the length of time that the fund takes in recovering from the point of maximum loss to earning back the initial investment.

FX Hedging is the percentage of foreign currency investment with FX hedging.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) is the frequency of securities trading in the fund portfolio over a certain period, calculated by taking the lower value between the sum of the value of securities purchased and the sum of the value of securities sold of the fund in 1 year period divided by the average NAV in the same period. A fund with high Portfolio Turnover Ratio indicates frequent securities trading by fund manager resulting in high trading costs. Therefore, it is necessary to compare with the performance of the fund in order to assess the worthiness of such securities trading.

Sharpe Ratio is the ratio between marginal return of the fund compared to investment risk, calculated from the difference between the fund's rate of return and risk-free rate compared to the fund's standard deviation. Sharpe Ratio reflects the additional return that the fund should earn to compensate risk. A fund with higher Sharpe Ratio is considered having superior investment management efficiency as it generates higher marginal return under the same risk level.

Alpha is the fund's excess return compared to the benchmark. High Alpha means the fund can generate higher return than the benchmark resulting from fund manager's efficiency in selecting securities or seeking appropriate market timing.

Beta is level and direction of change in return of securities in portfolio in comparison to market price change. Beta of less than 1 indicates that the change in return of securities in portfolio is less than the overall market. Beta of more than 1 indicates that the change in return of securities in portfolio is greater than the overall market.

Tracking Error is the efficiency of the fund to imitate its return to benchmark. Low Tracking Error means the fund is effective in generating return close to benchmark. High Tracking Error means the fund generates return more deviate from benchmark.

Yield to Maturity is the rate of return earned on a bond held to maturity, calculated from the interest expected to receive in the future over that bond duration and paid back principal discounted to the present value. It is used to measure return of fixed income funds by calculating the weighted average of Yield to Maturity of each bond that the fund invests. As Yield to Maturity has standard unit in percentage per annum, it can be used to compare the returns between fixed income funds that have an investment policy of holding bonds until maturity and similar investment characteristics.

Duration and Yield to Maturity will be calculated based on direct investments.

The Investment Allocation will show only direct investments, except for Feeder Funds, which will display the information of the Master Fund.

@ 2025 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.



KASIKORN ASSET MANAGEMENT CO., LTD. Head Office : 400/22 KASIKORNBANK Building, 6th and 12th Floor, Phahon Yothin Road, Samsen Nai, Phaya Thai, Bangkok 10400 Tel. 0 - 2673 - 3888 website : <u>www.kasikornasset.com</u> email : <u>ka.customer@kasikornasset.com</u>