

K STAR Equity Fund–C(A)

K-STAR-C(A)

Fund Type / AIMC Category

- Equity Fund
- Equity General

Investment Policy and Strategy

- The Fund invests in Thai stocks with strong fundamentals and potential growth to generate stable returns. The Fund Manager will adjust portfolio to enhance return in short term.
- The Fund may invest in derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purpose (EPM).
- Active management strategy.



High Risk

Mainly invest in equities on average not less than 80% of NAV.

Fund Information

Inception Date	29 May 06
Class Launch Date	16 Dec 22
Dividend Payment Policy	No
Fund Maturity	Indefinite

Fund Manager

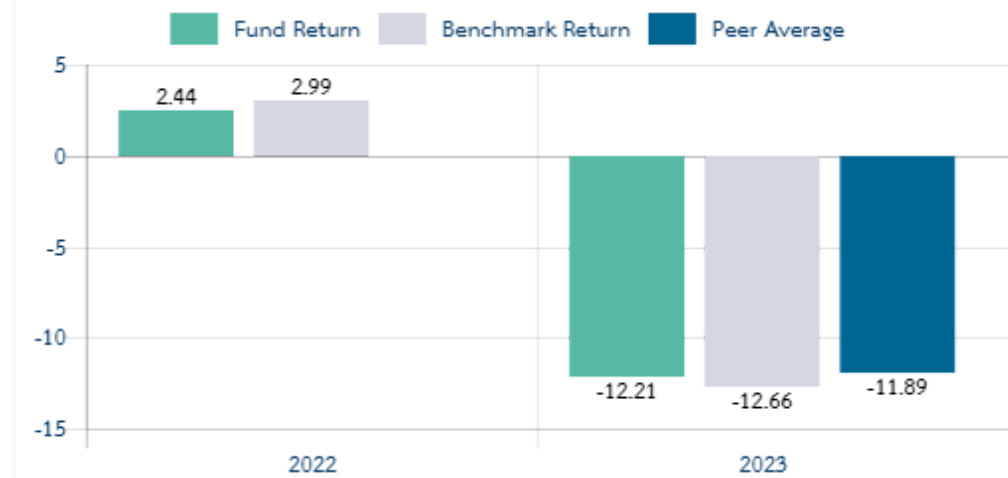
Miss Paradee Muneesit (11 Mar 24)
Miss Ninat Wongsagiem (1 Nov 24)

Benchmark :

1. SET TRI (100.00%)

Objective of reference to Benchmark : Used for determine Portfolio composition and Performance comparison.

Calendar Year Performance (% p.a.)



Fund Performance (%)

	YTD	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year *
Fund Return	-1.77	8.85	3.79	0.84
Benchmark Return	6.96	12.15	8.75	9.76
Peer Average	3.22	9.59	5.18	5.31
Fund Standard Deviation	12.38	15.30	12.62	12.21
Benchmark Standard Deviation	11.23	13.21	11.24	11.22
	3 Years *	5 Years *	10 Years *	Since Inception *
Fund Return	N/A	N/A	N/A	-6.38
Benchmark Return	N/A	N/A	N/A	-2.03
Peer Average	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fund Standard Deviation	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.96
Benchmark Standard Deviation	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.46

Remark : * % p.a.

Warning:

- Investment in Mutual Fund is not bank deposit.
- Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Certified by Thai Private Sector Collective Action Against Corruption: CAC

Investors can study Liquidity Risk Management Tools in the prospectus.

Prospectus



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Subscription	Redemption
Subscription date : Every business day	Redemption date : Every business day
Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 03:30 p.m.	Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 03:30 p.m.
Min. initial subscription : None	Min. redemption : None
Min. subsequent subscription : None	Min. account balance : None
	Settlement period : T+3 (NAV Announce T+1)
Remark :	

Statistical Data	
Maximum Drawdown	-26.55 %
Recovering Period	N/A
Portfolio Turnover Ratio	0.36
Sharpe Ratio	-0.68
Alpha	-4.35 %
Beta	0.97

Fees charged to the Fund (% p.a. of NAV)

Fees	Max.	Actual
Management Fee	2.0063	2.0063
Total Fee	3.3170	2.2068

Remark : All Fees include VAT, specific business taxes, and other taxes.

- KAsset may consider changing the actual fees charged to reflect strategy or administrative costs.

Fees charged to unitholders (% of trading value)

Fees	Max.	Actual
Front-end Fee	2.00	Waived
Back-end Fee	2.00	Waived
Switching-in Fee		See Remark
Switching-out Fee		See Remark
Transfer Fee	None	None

Remark : All Fees include VAT, specific business taxes, and other taxes.

- KAsset may consider changing the actual fees charged to reflect strategy or administrative costs.

- Back-end fee and Switch-out fee will be delivered to the Fund.

- Switching Fee : Equal to the higher rate between the back-end fee of switch-out fund and the front-end fee of switch-in fund.

Asset Allocation		Top 5 Holdings	
Asset Type	% NAV	Security	% NAV
Equity	97.95	Equity (GULF)	7.28
Deposit	2.81	Equity (CPALL)	7.22
Others	-0.76	Equity (ADVANC)	6.64
		Equity (AOT)	6.01
		Equity (MTLS)	4.54

Sector Breakdown

Sector	% NAV
Commerce	14.90
Energy & Utilities	13.04
Banking	11.57
Property Development	10.91
Information & Communication Technology	9.88

Description

Maximum Drawdown is the percentage of the fund's maximum loss in the past 5 years (or since the fund's inception if it is launched for less than 5 years) which is measured from the highest NAV per unit to the lowest NAV per unit during such period. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of the risk of loss from investing in the fund.

Recovering Period is the length of time that the fund takes in recovering from the point of maximum loss to earning back the initial investment.

FX Hedging is the percentage of foreign currency investment with FX hedging.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) is the frequency of securities trading in the fund portfolio over a certain period, calculated by taking the lower value between the sum of the value of securities purchased and the sum of the value of securities sold of the fund in 1 year period divided by the average NAV in the same period.

A fund with high Portfolio Turnover Ratio indicates frequent securities trading by fund manager resulting in high trading costs. Therefore, it is necessary to compare with the performance of the fund in order to assess the worthiness of such securities trading.

Sharpe Ratio is the ratio between marginal return of the fund compared to investment risk, calculated from the difference between the fund's rate of return and risk-free rate compared to the fund's standard deviation. Sharpe Ratio reflects the additional return that the fund should earn to compensate risk. A fund with higher Sharpe Ratio is considered having superior investment management efficiency as it generates higher marginal return under the same risk level.

Alpha is the fund's excess return compared to the benchmark. High Alpha means the fund can generate higher return than the benchmark resulting from fund manager's efficiency in selecting securities or seeking appropriate market timing.

Beta is level and direction of change in return of securities in portfolio in comparison to market price change. Beta of less than 1 indicates that the change in return of securities in portfolio is less than the overall market. Beta of more than 1 indicates that the change in return of securities in portfolio is greater than the overall market.

Tracking Error is the efficiency of the fund to imitate its return to benchmark. Low Tracking Error means the fund is effective in generating return close to benchmark. High Tracking Error means the fund generates return more deviate from benchmark.

Yield to Maturity is the rate of return earned on a bond held to maturity, calculated from the interest expected to receive in the future over that bond duration and paid back principal discounted to the present value. It is used to measure return of fixed income funds by calculating the weighted average of Yield to Maturity of each bond that the fund invests. As Yield to Maturity has standard unit in percentage per annum, it can be used to compare the returns between fixed income funds that have an investment policy of holding bonds until maturity and similar investment characteristics.

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Factsheet



KASIKORN ASSET MANAGEMENT CO., LTD.

Head Office : 400/22 KASIKORNBANK Building, 6th and 12th Floor,

Phahon Yothin Road, Samsen Nai, Phaya Thai, Bangkok 10400

Tel. 0 - 2673 - 3888

website : www.kasikornasset.com

email : ka.customer@kasikornasset.com